

# General Specifications

## Model MU5D Universal Temperature Converter (2-output, Free Range Type)

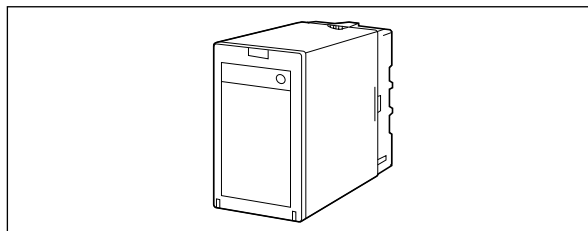
JUXTA

GS 77J04U05-02E

### General

The MU5D is a plug-in type universal temperature converter that converts input signal (thermocouple, RTD or mV signal) into isolated DC current or DC voltage signals.

- Selection of input type(thermocouple, RTD or mV signal), I/O range setting, burnout setting, output adjustment, I/O monitoring, and loop back test can be made using the optional Parameter Setting Tool (VJ77) or Handy Terminal (JHT200).
- The operation indicating lamp shows the operation status, abnormalities in a setting etc.
- Output adjustment, wiring resistance correction, and ON/OFF of RJC can be made using the switches on the front panel of the MU5D without a setting tool such as Handy Terminal.



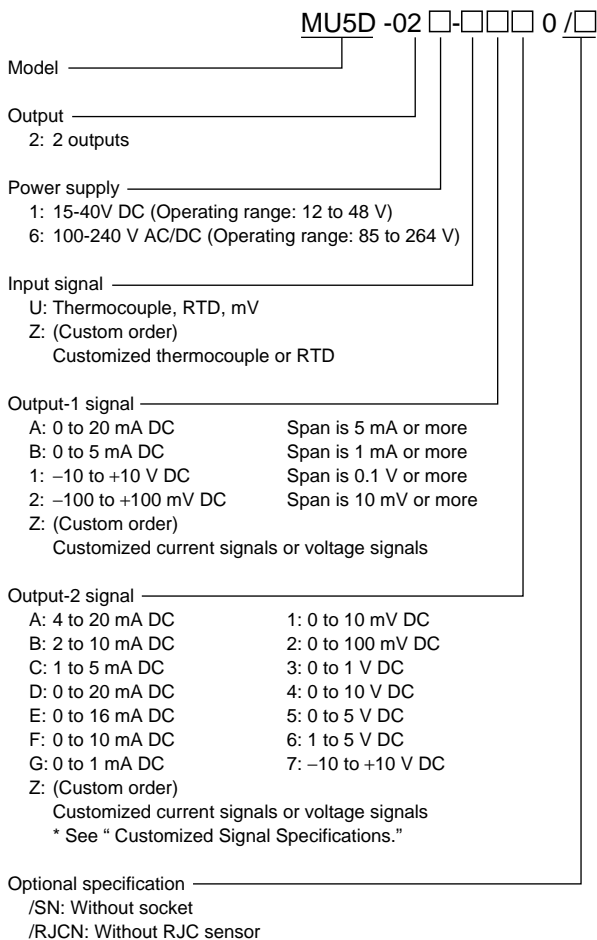
### Ordering Information

Specify the following when ordering.

- Model and suffix codes: e.g. MU5D-026-UAA0
- Input type: e.g. Pt100 (ITS-90)
- Input range: e.g. 0 to 100 °C
- Output-1 range: e.g. 4 to 20 mA DC
- Burnout: e.g. Up

The universal temperature converter will be shipped with an input type of Pt100 (ITS-90) and an input range of 0 to 100°C if no specification of input type and input range.

### Model and Suffix Codes



## Input/Output Specifications

### Input signal:

Thermocouple: Type K, T, E, J, R, S, B, N (ITS-90: JIS'97), W3<sup>(Note1)</sup>, W5<sup>(Note2)</sup>

(Note1)W97Re3-W75Re25

(Tungsten97% Rhenium 3% - Tungsten75% Rhenium25%)

The abbreviation of ASTM E988 Standard.

(Note2) W95Re5-W74Re26

(Tungsten95% Rhenium 5% - Tungsten74% Rhenium 26%)

The abbreviation of ASTM E988 Standard.

### RTD:

Pt100 (ITS-90: JIS'97), JPt100 (JIS'89)

Pt50 (JIS'81), Pt100 (IPTS68: JIS'89)

Pt100 (ITS-90):  $R_0 = 100 \Omega$ ,  $R_{100} / R_0 = 1.3851$

JPt100 (JIS'89):  $R_0 = 100 \Omega$ ,  $R_{100} / R_0 = 1.3916$

Pt100 (IPTS-68):  $R_0 = 100 \Omega$ ,  $R_{100} / R_0 = 1.3850$

mV DC signal: -500 to +500 mV DC

### Input type and measuring range:

Input type (thermocouple)	Measuring range (°C)
Type K	-270 to +1372
Type T	-270 to +400
Type E	-270 to +1000
Type J	-210 to +1200
Type R	-50 to +1768
Type S	-50 to +1768
Type B	0 to +1820
Type N	-270 to +1300
Type W3	0 to +2300
Type W5	0 to +2300
Input type (RTD)	Measuring range (°C)
Pt100 (ITS-90)	-200 to +850
Pt100 (IPTS-68)	-200 to +660
JPt100 (JIS'89)	-200 to +510
Pt50 (JIS'81)	-200 to +649
Input type (mV DC)	Measuring range (mV DC)
mV	-500 to +500

Measuring span: 3 mV or more (thermocouple, mV signal), 10°C or more (RTD)

Input resistance: 1 MΩ during power on; 10 kΩ during power off (thermocouple, mV signal)

### Input external resistance:

Thermocouple, mV signal: 500 Ω or less

However, this resistance value can be added to the BARD600 internal resistance when the converter is used with BARD600.

RTD: Input span (°C) × 0.4 Ω or less / wire or 10 Ω, whichever is smaller.

However, this resistance value can be added to the BARD700 internal resistance when the converter is used with BARD700.

RTD detective current: Approx. 0.7 mA

Maximum allowable input: ±4 V DC

Output signal: 2 points of DC current or DC voltage signals

### Output-1 signal setting range:

Output-1 signal suffix code	Setting range
A	0 to 20 mA DC Span is 5 mA or more
B	0 to 5 mA DC Span is 1 mA or more
1	±10 V DC Span is 0.1 V or more
2	±100 mV DC Span is 10 mV or more

### Allowable load resistance:

Voltage output: 2 kΩ or more for ±5 V DC

10 kΩ or more for ±10 V DC

250 kΩ or more for ±100 mV DC

Current output: 15 (V)/max. output (A) (Ω) or less

Adjustment range: (Common to output-1 and output-2)

Input adjustment: ±1% of span or more (Zero/Span)

Output adjustment: ±5% of span or more (Zero/ Span)

## Standard Performance

Accuracy rating:  $\pm 0.1\%$  of span

However, the accuracy is not guaranteed for output levels less than 0.5% of the span of a 0 to X mA output range type.

The accuracy is limited according to the input/output range settings.

For thermocouple, add the accuracy of RJC to the calculated accuracy.

### Accuracy Calculation

**Accuracy = Input accuracy + Output accuracy (%)**

(Output accuracy for output-2 is  $\pm 0.05\%$ .)

[Input accuracy]

<Thermocouple>

- $\pm 0.1\%$  of span or  $\pm 1^\circ\text{C}$ , whichever is greater when the following range is included.

Type K, E and T: Less than  $-200^\circ\text{C}$

Type B:  $400^\circ\text{C}$  to less than  $600^\circ\text{C}$

Type E and J: More than  $750^\circ\text{C}$

Type N: More than  $1200^\circ\text{C}$

- $\pm 0.1\%$  of span or  $\pm 2^\circ\text{C}$ , whichever is greater when the following range is included.

Type N: Less than  $-200^\circ\text{C}$

- Accuracy is not guaranteed for less than  $400^\circ\text{C}$  of Type B.

- When the measuring range is  $\pm 20\text{ mV}$  in thermoelectromotive force, substitute 10 for  $T_m$  of the following expression. When  $\pm 100\text{ mV}$ , substitute 40. An obtained value is applied as an input accuracy.

$T_m/\text{measuring span (mV)} \times \text{input accuracy}^*$

\*: Any of  $\pm 0.1\%$ ,  $\pm 1^\circ\text{C}$  or  $\pm 2^\circ\text{C}$ .

- Type K, E, T and N: For the measured temperatures less than  $-200^\circ\text{C}$ , add the following coefficient ( $T_e$ ) to the input accuracy mentioned above. An obtained value is the input accuracy.

$T_e [^\circ\text{C}] = (-200 [^\circ\text{C}] - \text{measured temp. } [^\circ\text{C}]) / X$   
( $X=10$  for Type K, T, and E;  $X=5$  for Type N)

- Accuracy of reference junction compensation (RJC):

Other than Type R and S:  $\pm 1^\circ\text{C}$  (0 to  $50^\circ\text{C}$ )

Type R and S:  $\pm 2^\circ\text{C}$  (0 to  $50^\circ\text{C}$ )

Type K, E, T and N: For the measured temperatures less than  $-200^\circ\text{C}$ , multiply the input accuracy mentioned above by K, where  $K = (\text{Thermocouple output change}/^\circ\text{C near } 0^\circ\text{C}) / (\text{Thermocouple output change}/^\circ\text{C at measured temperature})$

<RTD>

$\pm 0.05\%$  of span or  $\pm 0.05^\circ\text{C}$ , whichever is greater.

For Pt50 (JIS'81),  $\pm 0.1\%$  of span or  $\pm 0.1^\circ\text{C}$ , whichever is greater.

<mV signal>

Compare the specified input range with the input range in the table below (narrower range) and choose accuracy calculation conditions. However,  $\pm 0.05\%$  is applied if an input accuracy obtained from the expression is less than  $\pm 0.05\%$ .

Input accuracy =  $\pm 0.05\% \times a/b$

Input range	Accuracy calculation condition	
	a	b
$\pm 20\text{ mV DC}$	10(mV)	Input span
$\pm 100\text{ mV DC}$	40(mV)	
Outside of $\pm 100\text{ mV DC}$ and within $\pm 500\text{ mV DC}$	200(mV)	

[Output-1 accuracy]

Compare the specified output-1 range with the output-1 range in the table below (narrower range) and choose accuracy calculation conditions.

However,  $\pm 0.05\%$  is applied if an output accuracy obtained from the expression is less than  $\pm 0.05\%$ .

Output-1 accuracy =  $\pm 0.05\% \times a/b$

Output-1 signal suffix code	Output range	Accuracy calculation condition	
		a	b
A	0 to 20 mA DC	10(mA)	Output span
B	0 to 5 mA DC	2.5(mA)	
1	$\pm 2.5\text{ V DC}$	1(V)	
	Outside of $\pm 2.5\text{ V DC}$ and within $\pm 10\text{ V DC}$	4(V)	
2	$\pm 25\text{ mV DC}$	10(mV)	
	Outside of $\pm 25\text{ mV DC}$ and within $\pm 100\text{ mV DC}$	40(mV)	

Burnout: Up, Down or Off; the maximum burnout time is specified as 60 seconds.

Response speed: 150 ms, 63% response (10 to 90%)

Effect of power supply voltage fluctuations:

$\pm 0.1\%$  of span or less for the fluctuation within the operating range of each power supply voltage specification.

Effect of ambient temperature change:

$\pm 0.15\%$  of span or less for a temperature change of  $10^\circ\text{C}$ .

Effect of leadwire resistance change:

Thermocouple:  $\pm 15\text{ }\mu\text{V}$  or less for a change of 100  $\Omega$

RTD:  $\pm 0.2^\circ\text{C}$  or less for a change of 10  $\Omega/\text{wire}$ .

### ■ Power Supply and Isolation

Power supply rated voltage:  
 15-40 V DC  $\approx$  or  
 100-240 V AC/DC  $\approx$  50/60 Hz

Power supply input voltage:  
 15-40 V DC  $\approx$  ( $\pm 20\%$ ) or  
 100-240 V AC/DC  $\approx$  ( $-15, +20\%$ ) 50/60 Hz

Power consumption:  
 24 V DC 2.3 W, 110 V DC 2.2W  
 100 V AC 4.6 VA, 200 V AC 6.4VA

Insulation resistance:  
 100 M $\Omega$  at 500 V DC between input,  
 output, power supply, and grounding  
 terminals mutually.

Withstand voltage:  
 2000 V AC for 1 minute between input,  
 output, power supply and grounding  
 terminals mutually.  
 1000 V AC for 1 minute between output-1  
 and output-2.

### ■ Environmental Conditions

Operating temperature range: 0 to 50°C  
 Operating humidity range: 5 to 90% RH (no conden-  
 sation)  
 Operating conditions: Avoid installation in such  
 environments as corrosive gas like sulfide  
 hydrogen, dust, sea breeze and direct  
 sunlight.  
 Installation altitude: 2000 m or less above  
 sea level.

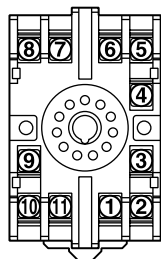
### ■ Mounting and Dimensions

Construction: Plug-in type  
 Material: Main unit : ABS resin (black), UL94 V-0  
 ABS resin + polycarbonate resin (black),  
 UL94 V-0  
 PBT resin, including glass fiber (black),  
 UL94 V-0  
 Socket: Modified polyphenylene oxide resin,  
 including glass fiber (black), UL94 V-1

Mounting: Wall or DIN rail mounting  
 Connection: M3.5 screw terminals  
 External dimensions: 86.5 (H) $\times$ 51 (W) $\times$ 123 (D) mm  
 (including a socket)

Weight: Main unit: approx. 200 g  
 Socket: approx. 80 g

### ■ Terminal Assignments



Terminal No.	Signal name	Thermocouple	RTD	mV signal
1	OUTPUT-1		(+)	
2	OUTPUT-2		(-)	
3	N.C			
4	INPUT	RJC reverse side	(A)	
5	INPUT	(+)	(B)	(+)
6	INPUT	(-) [RJC]	(B)	(-)
7	SUPPLY		(L+)	
8	SUPPLY		(N-)	
9	GND		(GND)	
10	OUTPUT-2		(+)	
11	OUTPUT-2		(-)	

### ■ Accessories

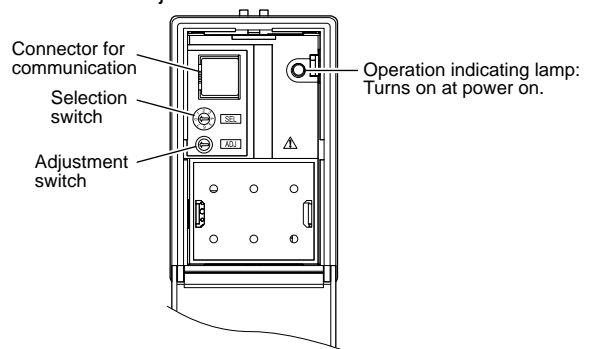
Spacer: One (for DIN rail mounting)  
 Range label: One  
 RJC sensor: One (except for “/RJCN”)

### ■ Customized Signal Specifications

Output-2	Current signal	Voltage signal
Output range (DC)	0 to 20 mA	-10 to +10 V
Span (DC)	1 to 20 mA	10 mV to 20 V

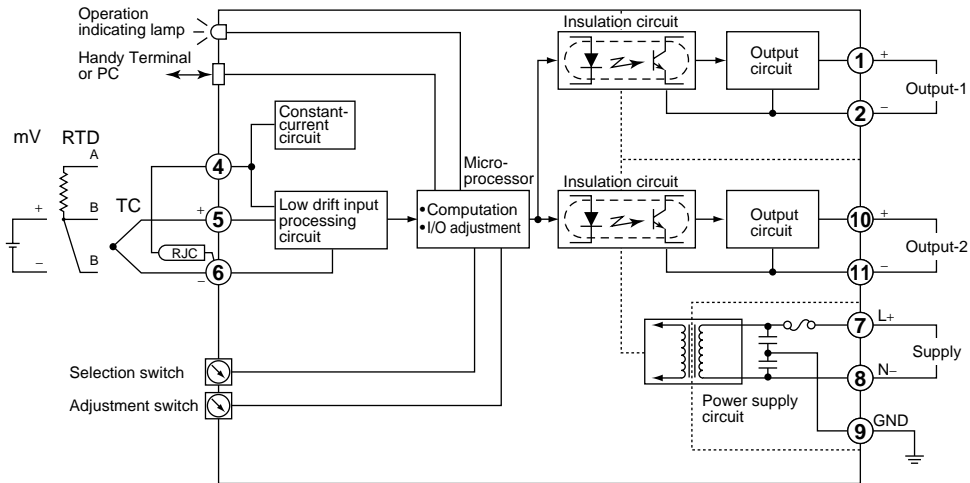
### ■ Front Panel

Output adjustment, wiring resistance correction, and ON/OFF of RJC can be made using the selection switch and adjustment switch.

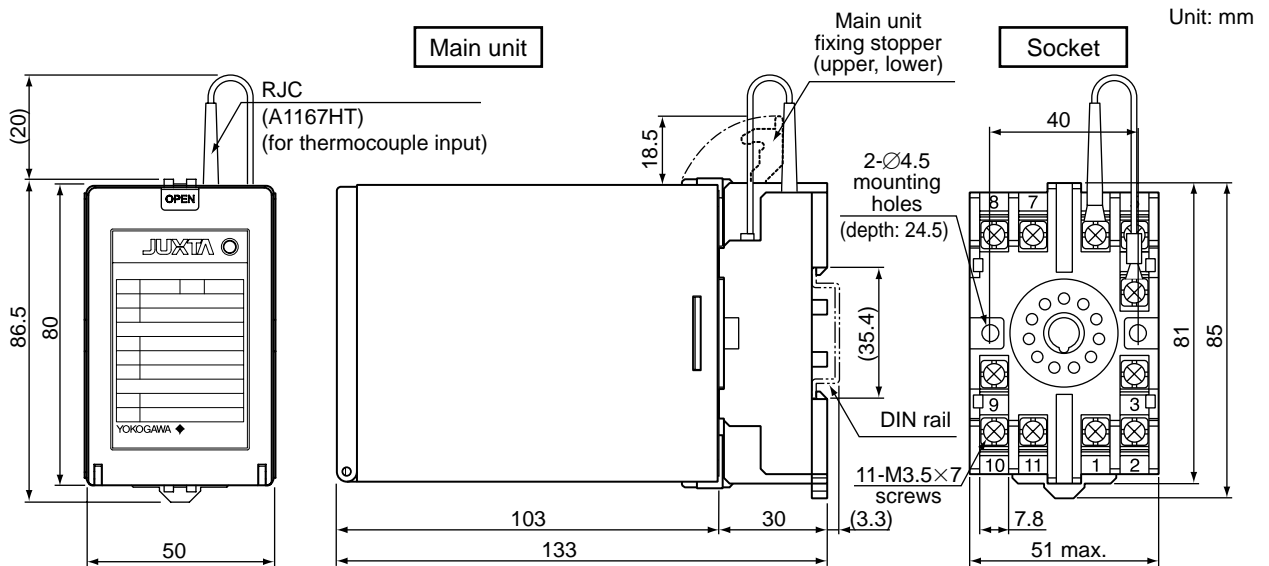


Position of selection switch	Item to be adjusted
0	No function
1	Output-1 zero adjustment
2	Output-1 span adjustment
3	Output-2 zero adjustment
4	Output-2 span adjustment
5	Wiring resistance correction
7	ON/OFF of RJC

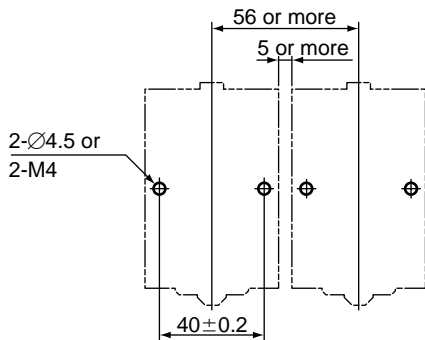
## ■ Block Diagrams



## ■ External Dimensions



### <Mounting Dimensions>



**Note:**

- When mounting the units close together, leave a space of at least 5mm between them.
- Use the supplied spacer to keep a space of 5 mm for DIN rail mounting.

• The information covered in this document is subject to change without notice for reasons of improvements in quality and/or performance.